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meeting by the chief engineers of the respective sanitary engineering divisions.

The topic, however, of greatest interest and concern to everyone of the group of State engineers was the means for coordinating the engineering activities of the various States. The need for standardization of policies and exchange of experiences among the sanitary engineers in official administrative positions was considered of paramount importance for increasing the efficiency of work in this field. It was the opinion of the State engineers that very much toward the coordination and standardization of the activities of State sanitary engineering divisions could be effected and properly accomplished by the United States Public Health Service. The specific request was made to the chief of the division of domestic quarantine for the full-time detail of an engineer to collect, analyze, and report to all State engineering divisions, data on the prevailing and proposed activities in this field. For this same purpose permanent standing committees were appointed as follows: Water Supply (including laboratory procedure), Mr. W. H. Dittoe, chairman; Sewage and Stream Pollution, V. M. Ehlers, chairman; Laws, Organization, Policy, and Procedure of State Sanitary Engineering Divisions, H. A. Whittaker, chairman; Milk Problems, Theodore Horton, chairman; Mosquito Control, R. Messer, chairman; Swimming Pool Sanitation, S. De M. Gage, chairman.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASE LIST INCREASED IN ENGLAND.

The British Ministry of Health has recently issued a regulation increasing the number of diseases required to be notified to the local medical officers of health. The following diseases have been added to the list of diseases required to be reported:

Ophthalmia neonatorum (as defined in the regulations).	Dysentery.
Acute encephalitis lethargica.	Trench fever.
Malaria.	Acute primary pneumonia.
	Acute influenzal pneumonia.

PSYCHIATRIC STUDIES OF DELINQUENTS.

It has been necessary to postpone publication of Parts III, IV, and V of Psychiatric Studies of Delinquents. They will appear in subsequent issues of Public Health Reports.